question *re* the Economic Conference Organisation; whether the Central Committees, District Committees, Standing Committees, etc., should meet once a month, twice a month or once a quarter is being discussed and all these details will be settled in June next.

SUBJECT No. 90.

Establishment of Industrial Banks.

Mr. K. Ramanujaiengar, Gubbi Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Capital should be made available for industrial purposes by the establishment of an Industrial Bank.

Reply of Government.—Industrial finance is one of the 12 subjects for special consideration which were mentioned in the Dewan's opening remarks. There is a scheme for the purpose of providing funds to develop industries. A draft order is ready which will issue shortly providing one lakh of rupees for capital expenditure from the capital and revenue account.

EDUCATION.

(Nos. 91 to 121.)

SUBJECT No. 91.

(1) Training of boys in English simultaneously with Kannada. (2) Girls' schools at taluk headquarters to have an English knowing Head master or Head mistress, etc.

Mr. G. Narasimhachar, Mysore District Board.

Summary of discussion.—There are girls' schools in all taluk headquarters. Girls go to school up to the age of 12. In these schools there are Kannada knowing teachers but none who know English and in some schools pupils are taught only up to the 3rd standard. English should be taught to girls from the 1st class and English knowing women teachers should be appointed on higher pay in all these schools.

Dewan.—Teachers are not available.

Mr. Narasimhachar.—I can find teachers but they want better pay than Government give at present.

Dewan.—If you give to the Secretary, Education and Agriculture, a list of women teachers available with information as to the pay required by them Government will consider the question of appointing them.

Mr. Karnick Krishnamurti Rao.—Until English knowing female teachers are available, male teachers should be appointed to be gradually replaced by women teachers whenever available.

Reply of Government.—The matter will be noted for consideration.

SUBJECT No. 92.

(1) Taking of grant-in-aid schools under Government management. (2) Taking teachers in grant-in-aid schools into Government service.

Messrs. K. S. Chennabasappa, Gundlupet Taluk, Puttusami Gowda, Malvalli Taluk; (2) Shankaramaramappa, Bannur Municipality, and C. Sivarama Setti, Davangere Taluk and D. S. Krishna Rao, Nelamangala Taluk.

Mr. Chennabasappa.—Government are giving grants to the grant-in-aid schools but owing to the appointment of inefficient and untrained teachers they are all in bad condition. Grant-in-aid schools should all be converted into Government schools and their teachers taken into Government service.

Dewan.—The total number of grant-in-aid schools is 6,000. The policy of Government is to convert a small number of them into Government schools.

Mr. M. Subbiah.—If Government's policy should be defined most of these questions will cease to come before Government.

Reply of Government.—Government know the defects of these schools. The whole question will be reviewed and a note on the policy of Government published for general information and criticisms before next Dasara.

SUBJECT No. 93.

Timely disbursement of payment to teachers of V. E. and Grant-in-aid schools.

Messrs. Anantarajappa and Anantalakshminaranappa, Tumkur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Teachers' conferences may be arranged to be held at each hobli headquarters on the 10th of every month so that Shekdars may attend the conferences and disburse the pay to the teachers assembled there.

Mr. Narasimhachar.—The village school teachers are put to considerable hardship by not getting their pay sometimes for months together. The existing system of disbursing the pay should be changed.

Reply of Government.—A new system has been introduced by G. O. No. 8529-39—Edn. 33-18-3, dated 8-3-19. Members may see how it works.

SUBJECT No. 94.

(1) Panchama schools and education for the Panchamas; (2) Non-admission of Panchamas into A.-V. schools meant for other communities.

(1) Messrs. Padmanna, Chandrasekariah and K. Venkatasamiah, Nanjangud Taluk.

(2) Messrs. Adinarayanaiya, Chandrasekharaiah, Devasettappa, Dodballapur Taluk; Gurusambulingappa, Dodballapur Municipality.

Mr. K. Venkatasamaiya.—The facilities already created for the education of the Panchamas are not enough.

Dewan.—Government know the whole question and are doing what they can.

Mr. Venkatasamaiya.—We only request that more attention may be given to the subject.

Dewan.—Government propose doing so.

Mr. Venkatasamaiya.—As to the admission of Panchamas into the general schools.....

Dewan.—I advise that the member may not insist on discussing this subject.

Mr. Venkatasamaiya.—If Government will kindly consider the whole question and create more facilities for the education of Panchamas in schools meant to them exclusively we shall be glad to leave the whole thing to Government. We shall not insist on discussing the subject.

SUBJECT No. 95.

Free Education.

(1) Ramanuja Iyengar, Gubbi Taluk.

(2) Messrs. C. Srinivasa Rao, C. Vasudeva Rao, T. B. Mallegowda, B. Kesaviah, Chikmagalur Taluk; Nanjundiah, Chikmagalur Municipality; H. Krishna Rao, K. Krishnappa, and H. Hucha Rao, Koppa Taluk; C. Narainswami Chetti, Chikballapur Taluk.

(3) (*a*) Messrs. V. Nageswara Aiyar, Kolar Municipality; N. Raghavendrappa and K. Giriyappa, Honnali Taluk; and S. R. Balakrishna Rao, Shimoga Taluk; Gurunanja Wadiyar, Devanhalli Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—*Mr. Srinivasa Rao* in introducing the subject referred to the circumstances under which the Representative Assembly voted for the levy of income-tax at a previous session. He said that though there was no definite promise from Government that education would be made free and the only promise made by Government was, to ear-mark the tax for purposes of education, the members voted for income-tax in the hope that education would be made free. He represented that the system of levying fees operated as a